

33.480 Scenic Resource Zone

480

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33.480.010 Purpose

The Scenic Resource zone is intended to:

- Protect Portland's significant scenic resources as identified in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*;
- Enhance the appearance of Portland to make it a better place to live and work;
- Create attractive entrance ways to Portland and its districts;
- Improve Portland's economic vitality by enhancing the City's attractiveness to its citizens and to visitors;
- Implement the scenic resource policies and objectives of Portland's Comprehensive Plan.

The purposes of the Scenic Resource zone are achieved by establishing height limits within view corridors to protect significant views and by establishing additional landscaping and screening standards to preserve and enhance identified scenic resources.

33.480.020 Map Symbol

The Scenic Resource zone is shown on the Official Zoning Maps with a letter "s" map symbol.

33.480.030 Application

The Scenic Resource zone is to be applied to all significant scenic resources identified in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*. Any changes to land or development, including rights-of-way, within the Scenic Resource zone are subject to the regulations of this chapter.

33.480.040 Development Standards

The development standards of the Scenic Resource zone apply based on the mapping designations shown in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*. The standards for each subsection below apply only to areas with that designation in the Plan. The resource is defined as the width of the right-of-way or top of bank to top of bank for scenic corridors. Setbacks are measured from the outer boundary of the right-of-way unless specified otherwise in the ESEE Analysis and as shown on the Official Zoning Maps. In some cases, more than one development standard applies. For example, within a scenic corridor, a view corridor standard will apply where a specific view has been identified for protection.

- A. View Corridors.** All development and vegetation with a view corridor designation in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan* are subject to the regulations of this Subsection.

1. Purpose. The intent of the view corridor designation is to establish maximum heights within view corridors to protect significant views from specific viewpoints.
 2. Standard. All development within the designated view corridors are subject to the height limits of the base zone, except when a more restrictive height limit is established by the view corridor. In those instances, the view corridor height limit applies to both development and vegetation. Removal of trees or limbs necessary to maintain the view corridor is allowed. When no development is proposed, tree removal is subject to the requirements of Title 11, Trees. Public safety facilities are exempt from this standard.
- B. Scenic Corridors.** All development and vegetation with a scenic corridor designation in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan* are subject to the regulations of this Subsection.
1. Purpose. The scenic corridor designation is intended to preserve and enhance the scenic character along corridors, and where possible, scenic vistas from corridors. This is accomplished by limiting the length of buildings, preserving existing trees, providing additional landscaping, preventing development in side setbacks, screening mechanical equipment, and restricting signs.
 2. Standards.
 - a. Limiting blank facades. Long, blank facades create uninteresting elements along a scenic corridor. This standard applies to all portions of buildings within 100 feet of the designated resource. Residential structures are exempt from this standard. Blank facades must be mitigated for in at least one of the following ways:
 - (1) The maximum length of any building facade is 100 feet.
 - (2) Two rows of trees, one deciduous and one evergreen, must be planted on 30-foot centers along the length of the building between the structure and the protected resource.
 - (3) Facades facing the scenic corridor must have a minimum of 40 percent of surface area in glass. Mirrored glass with a reflectance greater than 20 percent is prohibited.
 - b. Street setbacks. The entire required street setback must be landscaped to at least the L1 level unless the more stringent standards below or in other chapters of this Title apply. Up to 25 percent of the entire area of the street setback may be used for vehicle and pedestrian areas except that each lot is allowed at least a 9-foot wide driveway or parking area and a 6-foot wide pedestrian area. For shared driveways serving more than one unit, the base zone standards apply, and landscaping at the L1 standard must be provided adjacent to the identified resource. Where the base zone does not require a street setback, a setback of 20 feet is established by the Scenic Resource zone on street lot lines that abut the Scenic Corridor identified in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan*. The required landscaping in the setback must be provided at the time of development, except as allowed in B.2.b(1) below.

- (1) Exception for sites with an existing nonconforming use, allowed, use, limited use, or conditional use. The following regulations apply to sites with an existing nonconforming use, an allowed use, a limited use, or a conditional use. When alterations are made to a site that does not meet the landscaping standards of B.2.b, above, and the alterations are over the threshold of B.2.b(2) below, the site must be brought into conformance with the development standards of this B.2.b, above. The value of the alterations is based on the entire project, not individual building permits. The cost of the upgrades required by this chapter may be counted toward the cost of upgrades required by Subsection 33.258.070.D. However, the upgrades required by this chapter must be completed first.
 - (2) Thresholds triggering compliance. The standards of B.2.b, above, must be met when the value of the proposed alterations on the site, as determined by BDS, is more than \$148,700. Alterations and improvements stated in 33.258.070.D.2.a do not count toward the thresholds.
 - (3) Area of required improvements. Except as provided in 33.258.070.D.2.c(2), Exception for Sites With Ground Leases, required improvements must be made to the entire site.
 - (4) Timing and cost of required improvements. The timing and cost of the required improvements is specified in 33.258.070.D.2.d. However, where 33.258.070.D.2.d refers to the standards listed in 33.258.070.D.2.b, the standards of B.2.b, above, are also included.
- c. Side building setbacks. Buildings, garages, and covered accessory structures are not allowed within the side building setbacks within the first 100 feet from the designated resource. No more than 80 percent of the length of any site can be occupied by structures, excluding fences, as measured parallel to the scenic corridor. This standard applies to an entire attached housing project rather than to individual units.
 - d. Screening. All garbage cans, garbage collection areas, and mechanical equipment (including heat pumps, air conditioners, emergency generators, and water pumps) must be screened from view or not visible from the designated scenic corridor. Small rooftop mechanical equipment, including vents, need not be screened if the total area of such equipment does not exceed 10 square feet per structure.
 - e. Fences and hedges. The total maximum height of fences, hedges, and berms within the street setback, or first 20 feet from the designated resource if there is no street setback, is 3 1/2 feet. This provision does not apply to any required screening and buffering.
 - f. Signs. The sign standards are stated in Title 32, Signs and Related Regulations.
 - g. Preservation of trees. This provision does not apply if the property is regulated by state statutes for forest management practices. All trees 6 or more inches in diameter that are within the street setback (or first 20 feet if no setback exists)

must be retained unless removal conforms to one or more of the following standards:

- (1) The tree is located within the footprint or within 10 feet of existing or proposed buildings and structures attached to buildings, such as decks, stairs, and carports, or within 10 feet of a proposed driveway;
 - (2) The tree is determined by an arborist to be dead, dying or dangerous;
 - (3) The tree is on the Nuisance Plants List;
 - (4) The tree must be removed due to installation, repair, or maintenance of water, sewer, or stormwater services. For new installation of services, tree removal allowed under this provision is limited to a single 10 foot wide utility corridor on each site;
 - (5) The tree is within a proposed roadway or City-required construction easement, including areas devoted to curbs, parking strips or sidewalks, or vehicle areas;
 - (6) The tree is within 20 feet of a Radio Frequency Transmission Facility antenna that is a public safety facility. The distance to the antenna is measured vertically and horizontally from the edge of the antenna. See Figure 480-1; or
 - (7) The tree is at least 6 and up to 12 inches in diameter and does not meet any of the other standards of this subparagraph, but is replaced within the front setback (or first 20 feet if no setback has been established) by trees and shrubs listed in the *Scenic Resources Protection Plan* according to Table 480-1. Replacement plantings must meet Section 33.248.030, Plant Materials.
- h. Tree removal without development. When no development is proposed, tree removal allowed by the standards of Subparagraph 2.g(1) through (6) above is subject to the tree permit requirements of Title 11, Trees.

In addition to these provisions, property owners and others are encouraged to make every effort to locate buildings, easements, parking strips, sidewalks and vehicle areas to preserve the maximum number of trees.

Figure 480-1
Measuring from an RF Transmission Facility Antenna

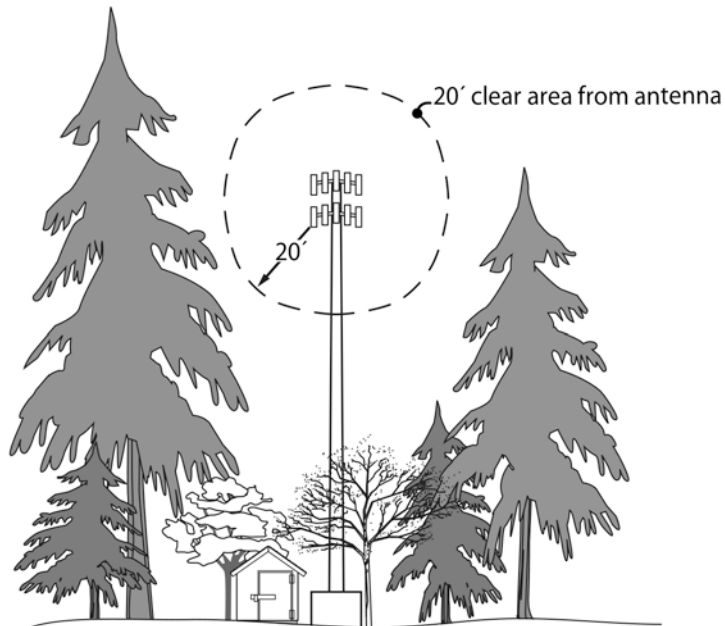


Table 480-1 Tree Replacement Requirements In Scenic Overlay Zone		
Applicants may choose either Option A or Option B		
Size of tree to be removed (inches in diameter)	Option A (no. of trees to be planted)	Option B (combination of trees and shrubs)
At least 6 to less than 9	1 tree	Not applicable
At least 9 to less than 12	3 trees	2 trees and 2 shrubs
At least 12	Tree Review Required (see 33.480.050 below)	

33.480.050 Tree Removal Review

Trees that do not qualify for removal under Subparagraph 33.480.040.B.2.g, above, may be removed if approved through tree review as provided in Chapter 33.853, Tree Review. However, where the tree removal would require environmental review, only environmental review is required.

33.480.060 Relationship to Environmental Zones

When an environmental zone has been applied at the location of a designated scenic resource, the environmental review must include consideration of the scenic qualities of the resource as identified in the ESEE Analysis for Scenic Resources. The development standards of this Chapter must be considered as part of that review.

(Amended by: Ord. No. 163957, effective 4/12/91; Ord. No. 166572, effective 6/25/93; Ord. No. 167186, effective 12/31/93; Ord. No. 171718, effective 11/29/97; Ord. No. 173528, effective 7/30/99; Ord. No. 175204, effective 3/1/01; Ord. Nos. 175965 and 176333, effective 7/1/02; Ord. No. 176469, effective 7/1/02; Ord. No. 177368, effective 5/17/03; Ord. No. 178509, effective 7/16/04; Ord. No. 178657, effective 9/3/04; Ord. No. 179092, effective 4/1/05; Ord. No. 181357, effective 11/9/07; Ord. No. 184524, effective 7/1/11; Ord. No. 186053, effective 1/1/15.)