# Vegetation Unit Summaries for Clatsop Butte Park (CLAT)

Report date: 7/29/2009 '\*' = non-native invasive species

Visit data as of: 7/29/2009

## Unit CLAT\*001

Size: 9.76 Acres

**NVCS Class:** Herbaceous

**NVCS Subclass:** Perennial graminoid vegetation

**NVCS Group:** Temperate grassland with a sparse tree layer

**NVCS SubGroup:** Cultural

NVCS Ecological System: unknown

Landform: unknown Slope: unknown Aspect: unknown

## Unit CLAT\*002

Size: 8.16 Acres

**NVCS Class:** Herbaceous

**NVCS Subclass:** Perennial graminoid vegetation

**NVCS Group:** Temperate grassland with a sparse tree layer

**NVCS SubGroup:** Cultural

**NVCS Ecological System:** unknown

Landform: unknown Slope: unknown Aspect: unknown

## Unit CLAT\*003

Size: 15.19 Acres
NVCS Class: Forest

NVCS Subclass: Deciduous forest NVCS Group: Cold-deciduous forest NVCS SubGroup: Natural / Semi-natural NVCS Ecological System: unknown Landform: Side-hill, Upper 3rd

**Slope:** Gentle (5 to 10%)

**Aspect:** Northeast

Visit date: 3/21/2008

Ecological Health: Poor. % Tree canopy: 85% % Non-Native Cover: 90 Management Note:

There are many roads being used by ATV's in this unit. Nearby residents are creating wood forts and causing some litter.

**Eco Note:** 

This unit is a young stand of Alnus rubra with mostly blackberry understory. The blackberry is especially large and dense near the top of the unit around the houses.

Wetland indicators: Springs, Hydrophilic Vegetation.

**Primary Management concerns:** Invasives, Erosion, Trampling, Litter, Large Refuse, Informal Trails.

# **Visit Species:**

COVER CLASS	DOMINANT	DBH	REGENERATING	PLANTED
50% to 75%	Y	5-10"		
50% to 75%	Y			
10% to 20%	Y			
1% to 10%		20-30"		
1% to 10%		20-30"	Y	
1% to 10%		20-30"	Y	
1% to 10%		10-20"		
1% to 10%				
1% to 10%				
1% to 10%				
1% to 10%				
trace		0-5"		
trace				
	50% to 75% 50% to 75% 10% to 20% 1% to 10% 1% trace trace trace trace trace trace	50% to 75% Y 50% to 75% Y 10% to 20% Y 1% to 10% trace trace trace trace trace trace	50% to 75% Y 5-10" 50% to 75% Y 10% to 20% Y 1% to 10% 20-30" 1% to 10% 20-30" 1% to 10% 10-20" 1% to 10% 10-20" 1% to 10% 10% 10-20" 1% to 10% 10% 10-20"	50% to 75% Y 5-10" 50% to 75% Y 10% to 20% Y 1% to 10% 20-30" 1% to 10% 20-30" Y 1% to 10% 10-20" 1% to 10% 10-5" 1% to 10% 10% 10-5" 1% to 10% 10% 10-5"

## Unit CLAT\*004

Size: 2.86 Acres

**NVCS Class:** Shrubland

NVCS Subclass: Deciduous shrubland NVCS Group: Cold-deciduous shrubland NVCS SubGroup: Natural / Semi-natural NVCS Ecological System: unknown Landform: Side-hill, Upper 3rd

**Slope:** Gentle (10 to 20%)

**Aspect:** East

Visit date: 3/21/2008

**Ecological Health:** Severely Degraded.

% Tree canopy: 5%

% Non-Native Cover: 100

**General Note:** 

The unit is mostly grass that gets mowed periodically.

#### **Management Note:**

Blackberry and English Hawthorn are establishing around the margins of the mowed area.

#### **Eco Note:**

There is some native tree and shrub regeneration in the small gullies that border the south edge of the unit.

# **Primary Management concerns:** Invasives, Litter, Large Refuse, Informal Trails.

# **Visit Species:**

	COVER CLASS	DOMINANT	DBH	REGENERATING	PLANTED
Dactylis glomerata (orchard grass)	50% to 75%	Y			
Rubus discolor (Himalayan blackberry)	20% to 50%	Y			
Crataegus monogyna (European hawthorn)	1% to 10%	Y			
Alnus rubra (red alder)	1% to 10%		0-5"	Y	
Plantago lanceolata (English narrowleaf buckhorn	1% to 10%				
Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas fir)	trace		0-5"		Y
Thuja plicata (western red cedar)	trace		0-5"		Y
Cirsium vulgare (bull thistle)	trace				
Hypochaeris radicata (hairy cats-ear)	trace				
Oemleria cerasiformis (Indian-plum)	trace				

# Unit CLAT\*005

Size: 9.2 Acres

**NVCS Class:** Forest

**NVCS Subclass:** Mixed evergreen-deciduous forest

**NVCS Group:** Mixed needle-leaved evergreen - cold-deciduous forest

NVCS SubGroup: Natural / Semi-natural NVCS Ecological System: unknown Landform: Side-hill, Lower 3rd

**Slope:** Steep (20 to 30%)

**Aspect:** Northeast

Visit date: 3/21/2008

Ecological Health: Fair. % Tree canopy: 90% % Non-Native Cover: 15

**General Note:** 

The unit has a dense canopy of Western red cedar with Bigleaf maples interspersed thourghout. Invasive species do not seem to be a major problem.

## **Management Note:**

There is extensive soil compaction and erosion being caused by ATV use.

#### **Eco Note:**

The ecological health was assessed lower as a 3 because of ATV use and the resulting clearing, soil compaction, and erosion.

Wetland indicators: Streams, Springs, Hydrophilic Vegetation, Standing Flowing Water.

Primary Management concerns: Invasives, Erosion, Soil Compaction, Litter, Large Refuse, Informal Trails.

## **Visit Species:**

	COVER CLASS	DOMINANT	DBH	REGENERATING	PLANTED
Thuja plicata (western red cedar)	50% to 75%	Y	20-30"	Y	
Acer macrophyllum (bigleaf maple)	20% to 50%	Y	20-30"		
Polystichum munitum (sword fern)	10% to 20%	Y			
Urtica dioica (stinging nettle)	10% to 20%	Y			
Oemleria cerasiformis (Indian-plum)	1% to 10%	Y			
Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas fir)	1% to 10%		20-30"		
Alnus rubra (red alder)	1% to 10%		10-20"		
Montia sibirica (Siberian minerslettuce)	1% to 10%				
Rubus discolor (Himalayan blackberry)	1% to 10%				
Rubus spectabilis (salmonberry)	1% to 10%				
Prunus avium (sweet pie cherry)	trace		5-10"		
Dicentra formosa (Pacific western Bleeding-heart	trace				
Galium aparine (cleavers)	trace				
Hedera helix (English ivy)	trace				
Ilex aquafolium (English holly)	trace				
Lactuca muralis (wall lettuce)	trace				